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NO. 48.

GOUNTHIANDO.

THE LAY PREACHER.

-"Awake thou that sleepest."-EPHESIANS, 5: 14.

Among the numerous classes of men that need the influences of the awakenferent in regard to them. Their minds prise to have first instituted the plan.read, which if read and fairly understood, would do away all such prejudice and zeal and activity need to be awakened awaken all dormant feelings to pleasant to a new and brighter light than ever and healthful action.

judices sweep all these public movements by the board, without reference to of charity, they may one day be aroused character, sect, denomination, object or by a more alarming monitor. consequence; and this class are very numerous. They are composed of such in the Kennebec Journal, under the editorial as are wilfully ignorant, and will not head, and has since been republished in the learn. They form no profession in fa- Christian Intelligencer, on the subject of grantvor or against any particular system of ing licences to retailers to retail spirits by movement, or end to be attained; but, regarding all alike, and finding all to claim something from their time, attention or pecuniary income, they indiscriminately condemn the whole as in- favor of his remarks. The article is worthy consistent with the first object of a man's existence, to keep whatever of the world he may have and to acquire what more he can. They are in fact, among the most difficult to arouse from their deathlike slumber, of all classes of sleepera Their minds having never been open to receive the light, have become crusted over with an excressence, which ignorance and parsimony, whenever in contact, always exude: and their hearts having never been awakened to any of the tender sensibilities that benevolence inspires, have lost the use of powers which perhaps nature might have originally bestowed. They are alike pitiable molasses, and flour, thus making themand censurable. Pitiable, because they are, no doubt, not altogether volunteers in the moral condition in which they stand. They are in a considerable de- tax, which he must pay a share of, is re- | gainst it? Let no man shrink from his gree, the creatures of circumstances beyoud their control. Censurable, because So much for the interests of the trader, they wilfully shut their eyes against light and against instruction, the first dawning! of which has become sufficiently apparent.

This class of sleepers is not exclusively found among the generally ignorant, the low and the vulgar; but often among higher orders; among many who sensible of it; that the proudest intellect. are well informed in particular branches the highest station, and even the most of business and sometimes of science, but who still study to be ignorant of all boasted strength of mind, or force of mormental, moral, or religious improvements al character, or even professions of reliing in society be such as to endanger the most stupid and besotted. If all this dence and partiality called me. The ercise upon this flattering prospect, I canthings, found on a pretended thorough vocate of hard drinking, and we hope am influenced.

suppose any one to be the professed ad- been necessary, the reasons by which I moreover, from a deep conviction of its importance to the country, been among examination of their resistance to the country, been among mammon.

qually, indeed more severely hostile than hostility originates in sectarian views liberal mind. We find these men in evchiefly abound. If by reason of greater zeal, greater enterprise, fortitude and perseverance or more true benevolence their weeping wives, and starving, shivof heart, one party or denomina- ering children with savage ferocity.

lead in any good cause of which they Now supposing it a real privation to a sities of ulterior preference among the misrepresentation. are the projecters, the project and the supposing what no man can be certain able; and even if the respective advoactors therein, are forthwith condemned of, that he would never become a tipler cates of those thus placed in rivalship, seeming abruptness, the official ties by as acting from sinister motives. Every himself—should he not deprive himself be patriotic enough to resist the temptasingle movement is misconstrued to be of this indulgence, when he knows full tion of creating obstacles to the advanceing spirit of the text, are those who ei- the work of a disguised wicked purpose; ther entertain a decided hostility to all when in fact the very purpose is such have rights so they have duties to per- public service committed to his charge, public enterprises instituted for the im- as they would have approved had they provement of men, or are totally indif- had the spirit and industry and enterappear to be governed by hostile preju- On such rotten and baseless foundation dices, or drowsing in a total regardless- as this, I imagine rests the greater part ness of all things save their own imme- of all this opposition made to the great diate and exclusive interest. There is public spirited movements of the day undoubtedly much criminality in a moral for the moral, mental and religious imcharacter of either of these descriptions. provement of the community. These In any stage of the world it could not opponents while they condemn the have been otherwise. In the present course pursued, approve or effect to apcondition of society, it is much more so, prove the ostensible design; yet we for there is instruction every where pre- do not find them engaged in any such sented, written in so legible a character, course as they themselves would recomthat every one, even he who runs, can mend, to produce the same desirable end.

Such men, in the midst of all their dawned upon their minds. They sleep There is one kind of men, whose pre- a sleep worse than death. And if they will not awake at the call of justice nor

> small measure. The question being about to be put to the town of Augusta at their May or April meeting, drew from the pen of the Editor his opinion in language that cannot fail to enlist the feelings of every candid reader in a place in the columns of every public Journal. By inserting the article alluded to in the Observer you will greatly oblige a Subscriber.

The town of Augusta voted that the Selectmen should not grant licences to retailers. A number of other towns have did the same. Here follows the article above alluded

"Many towns have withheld that authority from their selectmen, and though interested persons made some opposition at first, it has generally been found to be satisfactory to all parties, for it is soon discovered that men who drink the most, earn the least; and that instead of spending a shilling a day for rum, while their families are suffering, can lay out two shillings a day in purchasing tea, coffee, selves and families comfortable. The trader then sells twice as much to the temperate as to the intemperate; he is ten times as sure of his pay; and the poor duced in about the same proportion. without appealing at all to his principles; -his benevolence.

Now let us look but a moment at the consumer, for we must be brief. We suppose it will be admitted on all hands, that intemperance is a very great evilthat all drunkards commence by drinking moderately; that the habit gains upon them, although the victim never appears inflexible integrity, form no security against its ravages. In spite of their tending towards them. If their stand- gion, they often slide in the same downward course of disgrace and ruin with tire from the office to which your confithem from the applicants for benevolent is true, and much more, then it must fol- delicacy of this step, under the circum- not, Sir, without a total disregard of the mon constituents. They will correct purposes, they take good care to ward low that all good and rational men will stances in which it is taken, will, I trust, lights of experience, and without shutting them—and in this there is abundant conoff all evils of this kind, by establishing unite in suppressing intemperance if they be deemed an ample apology for stating my eyes to the obvious tendency of things solation. I cannot quit this subject witha character for general hostility to such can agree upon the means. We cannot more at large than might otherwise have for the future, be insensible. Having, out adding that, with the best opportuniexamination of their principles and con- there are not many who advocate the demnation of their object. Their ruling free and unrestrained use of strong drink. in your cabinet it has been my anxious yourself to the obvious wishes of the peopassion is self-interest, and their God is If there are, we invite them to go with wish and zealous endeavor to prevent a ple, and knowing the sacrifice of person of public affairs. If on this point you us and look at a family which was not premature agitation of the question of al feeling which was involved in your have had to encounter detraction. it is long since provided with every thing your successor; and, at all events to dis- acquiescence, I cannot reconcile it to my- but another proof of the utter inefficien-But there is another class of men e- comfortable; the children rosy, and well countenance, and if possible, to repress self to be in any degree the cause of emdressed; orderly, and cherished by a the disposition, at an early day manifest- barrassment to you during the period such assaults. kind, affectionate and provident father. ed, to connect my name with that dis- which, as it certainly will be of deep inthese to all the great enterprises of the But that father, how fallen! His fami- turbing topic. Of the sincerity and the terest to your country, is moreover desday, but yet are governed from other ly, still too proud to ask the cold world's constancy of this disposition, no one has tined to bring to its close, your patriotic, reciprocated—that my most cordial feelmotives, which if not more justifiable, charity, suffers for want of bread, while had a better opportunity to judge than toilsome and eventful public life. are perhaps less dishonorable. Their the ragged children gather a few scanty yourself. It has however been unavail- From these considerations, I feel it to sticks of wet and rotten wood, and green ing. Circumstances, not of my creation, be doubly my duty to resign a post, the bushes to keep from freezing. At the and altogether beyond my control, have retention of which is so calculated to atand party motives, after an ostensible same time the father is loitering where given to this subject a turn which cannot tract assaults upon your administration, examination of the merits of the ques liquor is sold, and spending every cent now be remedied, except by a self-dis- to which there might otherwise be no intion; never however with a candid and he can beg or borrow. This man has franchisement, which, even if dictated ducement—assaults of which, whatever been ruined by the social glass, as thou- by my individual wishes, could be hard- be their aim, the most important as well sands and hundreds of thousands have ly reconcilable with propriety or self-re- as most injurious effect is, upon those ery denomination of christians and eve- been before him. Stronger cases than spect. ry party in politics; but in some they this might be collected in abundance, where men of a less amiable temper, af ter wrangling over their cups, stagger home to vent their madness by assailing

tion, has started ahead and taken the These are the fruits of strong drink. time, be room for two opinions. Diver- formance then to misconstruction and man to be denied a glass of grog, and friends of an administration are unavoidwell the poverty, wretchedness and ruin ment of him to whose elevation they are It is to make my profound and sincere to which his example leads. If freemen opposed, by embarrassing the branch of form, and unless they perform them man- they are nevertheless, by their position, the discharge of my public duties I have, fully, they are unworthy the name of exposed to the suspicion of entertaining under all circumstances, received at your freemen. But it is no real sacrifice they and encouraging such views-a suspicion are called upon to make. No man is which can seldom fail in the end to agever benefitted by strong drink, unless gravate into present alienation and hosit be taken as medicine, or in cases of thity, the prospective differences which extraordinary exposure, and even then first gave rise to it. Thus, under the it is of doubtful utility.

There is no way in which men become tiplers so quick as in places where it is sold in small quantities. One treats the company, and then they all have e- of things under the peculiar circumstannough. Another does not wish to be ces of the earliest stage of the republic, thought mean, and treats in turn. third follows his example; and they all at this day, when the field of selection get 'corned' together-perhaps quarrel. has become extended, the circumstances Nothing tends so much to degrade the referred to, by augmenting the motives poor as the practice of tippling; it turns and sources of opposition to the meastheir thoughts to grovelling pursuits and ures of the Executive, most unavoidably ulties, by occupying the leisure time they service, for a counterpoise to which we should spend in reading. It is by culti- may in vain look to the peculiar qualifivating their minds that men rise in the cations of any individual, and even if I world, and not by putting 'an enemy in should in this be mistaken, still I cannot their mouths to steal away their brains.' so far deceive myself as to believe for a The drinking man soon loses the spirit moment that I am included in the exof independence which becomes a free ception.

with the slow poison.

therefore vastly important that they de- the utmost harmony in her counsels. cide right. A good cause may somemen did not ask permission of a man* ficial. when they took him from his sick bed and his family, and carried him to a hospital. The measure was required for the safety of the public. For the same reason wholesome laws should be made to regulate and restrain the sale of such a mischievous liquid as ardent spirit; a liquid which has proved more destructive of human life than the small pox, or even the plague, and more productive of human wretchedness than all the pes tilential diseases put together.

Why not then take a bold stand aduty to himself, to society, and more than all, to the heart broken mother and her famishing babes, who appeal to him, to us all, with the silent but moving eloquence of tears and haggard want, to rescue them from impending ruin. Let all men reflect seriously, determine what we ought to do, and then express their sentiments fearlessly, and act accordingly.

*Infected with the small pox.

CORRESPONDENCE

Between the President of the United States, and the Secretaries of the State, Treasury, War, and Navy Departments. WASHINGTON, April 11, 1831.

DEAR SIR-I feel it my duty to re-

least unfavorable consequences, individual injustice is suffered, and the administration embarrassed and weakened.

Whatever may have been the course A my experience has fully satisfied me that, sensual indulgences, and blunts their fac- prove the cause of injury to the public

citizen; he sells every thing-his suf- These obstructions to the successful frage, and his very soul, for rum; he be- prosecution of public affairs, when sucomes a slave to the man who doses him peradded to that opposition which is inseparable from our tree institutions and Are not these things all true? No which every administration must expect, one can deny it. But some say we must present a mass to which the operations not force men to do right,-that we should of the government should at no time be rather persuade them. Very well; we voluntarily exposed :- the more espeare for having the people deciding the cially should this be avoided at so eventmatter themselves; they are the Cæsar ful a period in the affairs of the world, from whom there is no appeal, and it is when our country may particularly need

Such being my impression, the path times be injured, no doubt, by taking in- of duty is plain, and I not only submit judicious means to promote it; but tem- with cheerfulness to whatever personal perance surely cannot be promoted by sacrifices may be involved in the urrenmultiplying the facilities of drunkenness .- der of the station I occupy; but I make sion of vice are necessary, as well as for should it in the progress of the Governthe punishment of crime. No man has ment be deemed, notwithstanding the a right to set his own house on fire in humility of its origin, worthy of respect the midst of a city, or to punish one of and observance, cannot I think, fail to his own children cruelly. The Select- prove essentially and permanently bene-

> Allow me, Sir, to present one more view of the subject; - You have consented to stand before your constituents extended people, it becomes no man to at all times to afford me every aid. speak with certainty. Judging, however, from the past, and making a reasonable allowance for the fair exercise of the intelligence and public spirit of your fellow citizens, I cannot hesitate in adopting the belief that the confidence, as well in your capacity for civil duties, as in your civic virtues, already so spontaneously and strikingly displayed, will be manifested with increased energy, now that all candid observers must admit their utmost expectations have been more than realized.

If this promise, so auspicious to the best interests of our common country, be fulfilled, the concluding term of your administration will be in the absence of amy prominent cause of discord among its supporters, afford a most favorable opportunity for the full accomplishment of those important public objects, in the prosecution of which I have witnessed on your part such steady vigilance and devotion. To the unfavorable influence which my continuance in your Cabinet, under existing circumstances, may ex-

public interests which deserve and should Concerning the injurious effects which command the support of all good citizens. the circumstance of a member of the cab- This duty, I should have discharged at the duties of the War Department, and inet's occupying the relation towards the an earlier period, but for considerations, I now take occasion to repeat the request country to which I have adverted, is cal- partly of a public, partly of a personal which was then made. I am not disculated to have upon the conduct of pub- nature, connected with circumstances posed, by any sudden withdrawal, to inlic affairs there cannot, I think, at this which were calculated to expose its per- terrupt, or retard, the business of the of-

Having explained the motives which govern me in thus severing, and with which we have been associated, there remains but one duty for me to perform. acknowledgements for that steady support and cheering confidence which, in hands; as well as for the personal kindness at all times extended to me.

Rest assured, sir, that the success of your administration, and the happiness of your private life, will ever constitute the objects of the deepest solicitude with Your sincere friend and obedient servant, M. VAN BUREN.

THE PRESIDENT.

Washington April 12, 1831. Dear Sir-Your letter resigning the office of Secretary of State was received last evening. I could indeed wish that no circumstances had arisen to interrupt the relations which have for two years subsisted between us, and that they might have continued during the period during which it may be my lot to remain charged with the duties which the partiality of my countrymen has imposed upon me. But the reasons you present are so strong that with a proper regard for them, I cannot ask you, on my own account, to remain in the cabinet.

I am aware of the difficulties you have had to contend with, and of the benefits which have resulted to the affairs of the country from your continued zeal in the arduous tasks to which you have been subjected. To say that I deeply regret to lose you, is but feebly to express my

feelings on the occasion.

When called by my country to the station which I occupy, it was not without a deep sense of its arduous responsibilities, and a strong distrust of myself, that I obeyed the call; but cheered by the consciousness that no other motive actuated me than a desire to guard her interests, and to place her upon the firm ground of those great principles which by the wisest and purest of our patriots Laws for the prevention or the suppres- it my ambition to set an example which, have been deemed essential to our prosperity, I ventured upon the trust assigned me. I did this in the confident hope of finding the support of advisers able and true, who, laying aside every thing but a desire to give new vigor to the vital principles of our Union, would look with a single eye to the best means of feffecting this parmount object. In you, this hope has been realized to the utmost. for re-election. Of their decision, rest- In the most difficult and trying moments ing as it does upon the unbought suf- of my administration, I have always found frages of a free, numerous, and widely you sincere, able and efficient-anxious

If, however, from circumstances in your judgment sufficient to make it necessary, the official ties existing between us must be severed, I can only say that this necessity is deeply lamented by me. I part with you only because you yourself have requested me to do so, and have sustained that request by reasons strong enough to command my assent. I cannot, however, allow the separation to take place without expressing the hope that this retirement from public affairs, is but temporary, and that if, in any other station, the government should have occasion for services the value of which has been so sensibly felt by me, your consent will not be wanting.

Of the state of things to which you advert, I cannot but be fully aware. I look upon it with sorrow and regret the more, because one of its first effects is to disturb the harmony of my Cabinet. It is, however, but an instance of one of the evils to which free governments must ever be liable. The only remedy for these evils, as they arise, lies in the intelligence and public spirit of our comties for observing and judging, I have importance to the country, been among seen in you no other desire than to move From the moment of taking my seat the most urgent of your advisers to yield quietly on in the path of your duties, and to promote the harmonious conduct cy of innocence and worth to shield from

Be assured that the interest you express in my happiness is most cordially ings accompany you, and that I am, very sincerely, your friend,

ANDREW JACKSON. P. S. It is understood that you are to continue in office until your successor is appointed.

MARTIN VAN BUREN, Sec'y of State.

Washington City, April 7th 1831. DEAR SIR :- Four days ago I communicated to you my desire to relinquish

hope, to enable you to direct your atten- retary of State and Secretary of War, in your views. tion towards some person, in whose ca- making a voluntary surrender of the repacity, industry, and friendly disposition, signation of my office, as soon as I was you may have confidence, to assist in the complicated and laborious duties of your ly unconscious of the application to myadministration. Two or three weeks, self, of any of the reasons, so far as I was perhaps less, may be sufficient for the purpose.

demands of me to say, that it arises from no dissatisfaction entertained towards wise have been exposed to unfavorable you-from no misunderstanding between imputations, that I should find a reason us, on any subject; nor from any dimin- for resigning, in a distinct expression of ution, on my part, of that friendship and your wish to that effect; this wish has swer that I gave what I understood to is no personal hostility to Dr. Chaplin confidence, which has ever been repos- now been frankly announced, and has be the substance of your conversation. from those who know him; and we be-

ed in you. I entered your Cabinet, as is well its true ground. known to you, contrary to my own wishes; and having nothing to desire, either as regards myself or friends, have ever since cherished a determination to States, which you will be pleased to acavail myself of the first favorable moment | cept, to take effect as soon as my serviafter your Administration should be in ces may be dispensed with consistently successful operation, to retire. It occurs with your views of the public interest. to me, that the time is now at hand, when I may do so, with propriety, and in prop-Administration, which, being fairly de- cially for the renewed assurances this veloped, is before the people, for approv- day of the same sentiment. al or condemnation,—I cannot consider the step I am taking, objectionable, or, that it is one, the tendency of which can

the people. prosperity and happiness, and for your successful efforts in the cause of your country, I am, very truly, your friend,

be to effect or injure a course of policy

by you already advantageously commen-

ced, and which I hope will be carried

J. H. EATON. To Andrew Jackson, President of the United States.

was received, and I have carefully con- Its members had been invited by me to State: we heard remarks made by prom- third story window of an adjacent buildsidered it. When you conversed with the stations they occupied—it had come inent men in the House highly deroga- ing, but though much bruised, no limbs the last Boston papers the Merrimack me the other day, on the subject of your together in great harmony, and as a unit. withdrawing from the Cabinet, I expres- Under the circumstances in which I sed to you a sincere desire that you found myself, I could not but perceive law was framed and passed on purpose volumes, supposed that the fire had alwould well consider of it; for, however the propriety of selecting a cabinet comreluctant I am to be deprived of your posed of entirely new materials, as beservices, I cannot consent to retain you ing calculated in this respect at least, to ject. This is the law:contrary to your wishes, and inclination command public confidence and satisfy to remain, particularly as I well know that in 1829, when I invited you to be- sensible to the fact that to permit two of President in any College in this State der of the person under it, his fall was come a member of my Cabinet, you ob- only to retire, would be to afford room shall hold said office or place beyond the broken, and he came to the ground alive. jected, and expressed a desire to be excused, and only gave up your objections misrepresentations concerning the influ- College, in which he holds the same, hearted, generous young Irishman, himat my pressing solicitation.

honesty, prudence, capacity, discretion, pelled them to render their resignations, he shall receive in each board two thirds out his arms and caught her as she fell; and judgment, I could safely rely and -confide. I have not been disappointed, decision which I have stated, however his election. And any person elected him to the ground, but he saved her, and With the performance of your duties, painful to my own feelings, it became to said office or place, after the passing escaped without wound or bruize. been fully satisfied, and, go where you will, be your destiny what it may, my

best wishes will always attend you. I will avail myself of the earliest opportunity to obtain some qualified friend to succeed you; and, until then, I must solicit that the acceptance of your resig-

nation be deferred. I am, very sincerely and respectfully, your friend. ANDREW JACKSON. Major J. H. EATON, Secretary of War.

Washington, April 18, 1831, Sir:—In communicating to me, this morning, the information of the resignation of the Secretary of State and Secretary of War, together with the reasons which had induced the former to take SAM'L D. INGHAM, this step, you were pleased to observe that this proceeding was made known to me as one of those whom you had associated with you in the administration of the Government, and you suggested that . I would, after a few days reflection, have a further conversation with you on this to reorganize your Cabinet, and that as gentleman than Mr. King of Bath, subject But in recurring to the brief to myself it was your wish that I should whose hostility to the College we have remarks made at the time, as well as the retire from the administration of the Na- taken occasion to allude to in a former letter of resignation of the Secretary of vy Department. State, which you were good enough to submit for my perusal, I have not been pleasure in tendering to you the commis- he took occasion to fulminate his wrath, able to ascertain what particular matter was intended to be proposed for my reflection, as connected with this event .-Under these circumstances and being desirous of avoiding the possibility of misapprehension, as to your views, I would respectfully inquire whether the measure adopted by the Secretary of State and of War, is deemed to involve if so of what nature.

I have the honor to be, respectfully, ... Your ob't servant. S. D. INGHAM. To the President of the U.S.

Washington, April 19th, 1831. entirely relieved by the distinct explan- State, and of War, having tendered their culated in the least degree to promulgate ations at the interview to which you in- resignation, I remarked to you that I any religious opinion. No partiality was yesterday, which I had referred to in my in harmoniously and as a unit; and as the classes for two or three years back trees for them, and to shade his cattle. note of last evening; and have to make a part was about to leave me, which on have been awarded to young men, who my acknowledgments for the kindness to-morrow would be announced, a reor- were not Baptists. with which you have expressed your ganization was necessary to guard against satisfaction with the manner in which I misrepresentation. These were my re- there any hostility to Dr. Chaplin? His a harmless little singing bird. Nimrod her clothes on fire. have discharged the duties of the station marks, made to you in candor and sin- literary qualifications are of an exalted was a mighty hunter; and there is someto which you had thought proper to in- cerity. Your letter gives a different im- character. As a critical Greek scholar, thing manly in attacking the wild boar committed to prison in St. Albans. He vite me, and your conviction of the pub- port to my words.

acquainted with theirs, that I was wholapprised of them, which had induced them to withdraw from the public ser-In coming to this conclusion, candor vice. It therefore seemed to be due to my and character, which night otherenabled me to place my retirement on I did not pretend to quote your language. lieve this introduction of party politics

I have, therefere, the honor of tendering to you my resignation of the office of Secretary of the Treasury of the United

I seize the occasion to offer you my thanks for the many testimonials I have er respect to you. Looking to the pres- received of your kindness and confidence ent state of things-to the course of your during our official connexion, and espe-

S. D. INGHAM. His Excellency Andrew Jackson. President of the U. S.

WASHINGTON, April 30th, 1831. SIR: Late last evening I had the honor to receive your letter of that date, tenout to the benefit and advancement of dering your resignation of the office of crept into almost every office both under Tendering my sincere wishes for your Secretary of the Treasury. When the the State and national administration to them. Beds were procured and placed Secretary of War were tendered, I considered fully the reasons offered, and all subject. After mature deliberation, I tion and the office holding aristocracy of perish. concluded to accept those resignations. the State. We knew that the most se-But when this conclusion was come to, cret and deadly hostility was entertained ping it in its bed, and throwing it into WASHINGTON, CITY, April 8, 1831. it was accompanied with a conviction by leading Jackson members in the last the street, where it was taken up unhurt DEAR SIR :- Your letter of yesterday that I must entirely renew my cabinet. Legislature to the two Colleges in this public opinion. Neither could I be in- no person now holding the office or place the window, and striking upon the shoulfor unjust misconceptions and malignant day of the next Commencement of the The person upon whom he fell, a noble ence of their particlar presence upon the unless he shall be re-elected. And no self a husband and a father, looking up also required then, in my opinion, the of all the votes given on the question of the force of her falling weight brought

with great pleasure that I bear testimo- which shall elect him." ny to the integrity and zeal with which any control, I have been fully satisfied; effecting their purposes. and in your retirement you carry with and happiness.

til a successor is appointed.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your most obedient servant, ANDREW JACKSON.

Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, April 19, 1831. Sir-In the interview which I had the honor to hold with you this morning, has arisen; we think we know who sug-I understood it to be your fixed purpose gested the law. It could be no other

sion, which unsolicited on my part, you were pleased to confer on me.

I have the honor to be With great respect, yours, &c. JOHN BRANCH. To the President U.S.

WASHINGTON, April 19, 1831. particular communication from me, and, your commission. The sending of the College attack the institution on another latter was not necessary; it is your own ground. They say it is sectarian. We private property, and by no means to be know this assertion to be false. Of one considered part of the archives of the class we can speak personally, the memgovernment. Accordingly I return it.

to which I take leave to except. I did entertained other religious sentiments. not, as to yourself, express a wish that And not a word under any circumstances Sin: I am gratified to find myself you should retire. The Secretary of or in any situation was ever uttered, cal-

I am very respectfully, yours, ANDREW JACKSON. The Hon. John Branch, Secretary of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, April 19, 1831. the receipt of yours of this date, in an- moval, after having done so much for swer to mine of the same.

one expression in my letter to which you triving. We are confident their purpomust except, I would respectfully an- ses cannot be effected; we think there

the slightest degree; I however stand sacred, will recoil upon the heads of the corrected, and cheerfully accept the in- | wicked plotters .- Portland Adv'r. terpretation which you have given to your own expression.

I shall freely continue my best exertions to discharge the duties of the Deest respect, your obedient servant, JOHN BRANCH.

THE COLLEGES.

To the President of the U.S.

interest of the obligarchy who have one child is still missing.

It is said that the framers of this law

is intended to effect the removal, or prevent the re-election of Dr. Chaplin, we believe his enemies, and the enemies of the College have counted without their host. We know Dr. Chaplin well; we have been under his instruction; and can speak of him as man, an instructer, and as a friend.

We understand where this prejudice paper. On account of two commence-Under these circumstances, I take ment pieces spoken by two young men, which seems to be unappeasable, and to appropriation, and hence the passage of the above law. With these pieces Dr. Chaplin had no more concern than the man in the moon: he never saw or Sir-Your letter of this date, by your heard them till they were spoken on the

fice. A short time will be sufficient, I for not following the example of the Sec- this subject I should be glad to know whole life has been devoted to study; - about as heroic business as killing flies and his exertions have established a with a bodkin. prosperous institution over which he watches with the tenderness of a parent. If the Matthers, the Bowdoins, and other founders of New- England Institutions deserve a niche in the temple of been soaked in Copperas water, which it fame, he is entitled to a place among is affirmed does not injure the corn in Sir-I have the honor to acknowledge them. And to frame a law for his rethe institution, is an injury which none In r-ply to your remark that there is but cruel partizans would think of con-I regret that I misunderstood you in into every thing religious, literary, or

> Loss of Lives BY FIRE .- Last night, at 11 o'clock, a building in Broad St. was discovered to be on fire. The lowpartment, until you provide a successor. er stories were improved as a bake-I have the honor to be, with the great- house. The upper chambers were occupied by several Irish families. It is not ascertained how the fire caught. Its progress was so rapid, that the whole houses, to make silk from. Pear, cherfirst and second stories were enveloped in flames before a rattle was sprung, a We are glad to see that the hostility bell struck, or any alarm given. The ry are both useful and ornamental. of the last Legislature toward the two most melancholly circumstance is the importance demands. That it is for the tunates have been found—the body of der.

resignations of the Secretary of State and keep the People in ignorance, is a prop- under the windows for them, to jump the wounds of trees, occasioned by prunosition which needs no proof. The mo- upon, but they were evidently bewilder- ing. It excludes the air and water-nament knowledge is universally dissemin- ed, had lost all presence of mind, and ture will do the rest. - Kennebec Journal. the circumstances connected with the ated, a death wound is given to corrup- knowing not how to escape, remained to

An infant child was saved, by wrap-

A man and his wife leaped from the tory to the officers of these Colleges; - were broken. The poor fellow seeing but it had escaped our attention that a the flames and smoke issuing in immense to effect the removal of both Presidents, ready reached his own quarters, and was until our attention was called to this sub-afraid to descend by the stairway .-Whilst the person who gave the advice, " Re it enacted by the Senate &c. That | was still speaking, the man leaped from

In accepting of your resignation, it is or board of Trustees and Overseers, the flames, and rescuing two at each at-

you have managed the fiscal concerns of took into calculation all necessary polit- house when the alarm was given, but the nation. In your discharge of all the ical and religious motives, previous to was unable to render him any assistance. duties of your office, over which I have its passage, so that they feel confident of A woman residing in the same building, after reaching the outer door, remember-With the President of Bowdoin Col- ed them, and was going back to alarm you my best wishes for your prosperity lege we have no personal acquaintance, them, when two firemen discovered her and of course are unable to speak of enveloped in flames; they caught her, It is expected that you will continue him either as a scholar, a man of science, tore her clothes off, and prevented her to discharge the duties of your office un- or an instructer. But so far as the act returning to certain destruction. She was much burnt, and suffers greatly.

> The whole number of families residing in this building was seven, who have, by this calamity lost every thing they possessed.

We are informed by a gentleman that there is besides the five we have accounts of, still another, a child, missing. Boston Transcript, May 5.

BIRDS.—All the smaller species of pirds subsist chiefly on insects and the fine seeds of weeds; they destroy the grubs, millers, slugs, caterpillers, and worms that infest fruit and forest trees. Birds are a more effectual preventive against the increase of insects noxious manifest itself under every form. Hence to herb, fruit and flower than any means his pilgrimage to Portland the last win- devised by man for that purpose. They the throat of his little daughter—she reter; hence the subsequent refusal of an are the remedies furnished by the God sisted and prevented the fatal effects of of Nature. Robins are very active destroyers of the cut worm, or grub worm, her neck-her hands were badly cut and which often does great mischief in gar- a severe wound on both sides of her dens and fields in May and June. Rob- neck. He then attacked his son who ins feed their young with these worms had come to the assistance of his little considerations on which you expect a son, is just received—accompanying it is stage. But the enemies of Waterville in preference to any other food. And sister, and killed him. The girl with they will make their nests near gardens, the utmost presence of mind went to anseemingly for that purpose, if trees afford other room where two younger children them shelter, and they are not disturbed. were sleeping and escaped with them to Every robin's nest in or near a garden, the garden where she hid them in the bers of which were so far from being is worth a dollar. If birds are shot at or current bushes, covering them over with There is one expression in your letter Baptists, that all but three individuals stoned, they will disappear. They are a blanket, in which situation they refearful of man, as sheep are of the wolf, mained undiscovered and unburt, and because they find him a savage or a wanton enemy. Where they are never disturbed they of course resort, and become quite tame. A farmer should suf- the alarm. The neighbors immediately vited me, to-day, from the uncertainty felt it to be indispensable to reorganize shown, so far as we know, to any Bap- fer no one to shoot the little birds on his as to the object of your communication my Cabinet, proper,—that it had come tist student. The two highest parts in farm; indeed he should leave scattering a most shocking and heart-rending spec-

pects to be a man, ought to be asham- and burning upon the coals—the body This charge then being put to rest, is ed to take deliberate and deadly aim at of his wife was lying on the hearth and he is said to stand among the foremost. or the tiger, "bearding the lion in his den" has heretofore been known at times to lie confidence in my administration of Your letter contains no remark as to As a metaphysician he is distinguished. or pursuing the ferocious panther; but have been partially deranged, and these the Treasury Department. I beg leave, your performing the duties of the office As an acute, zealous and industrious this loading up a gun to shoot at a little deeds of darkness are attributed to a fix however, to add, in my own justification until a successor can be selected. On scholar, there are none before him. His robin, a blue bird, or a sparrow, is just of insanity.—Burlington Sentinely,

SEED CORN.—We find it asserted in many of the papers that after experiment it is ascertained that neither crows nor worms will touch seed corn that has any degree. Fourpence worth of copperas will impregnate water enough to. soak half a bushel. Steep it over night.

PEAS AND POTATOES .- Those who raise a few hills of potatoes in their gardens would do well to drop a few peas in each hill. They will not injure the potatoes in the least. The pea vines will be kept from the ground by the potato vines.

Twitch grass, or witch grass, is killed by frequent harrowing in dry weather, so as to tear out the roots and expose them to a hot sun.

PLANTING TREES.—Farmers would do well to plant trees along the roads and about their houses, for ornament as well as use. The white mulberry might as well be set out in the vicinity of their ry, plumb, apricot, and other trees, grow well in our climate, and like the mulber-

The nursery of Mr. Vaughan, at Halhighest Literary Institutions in the State, loss of five lives; a man, his wife, and lowell, contains a great variety of excelbegins to excite that attention in the their three children. The burnt and lent grafted fruit trees, and they are carecommunity, which a subject of so much mangled remains of four of these unfor- fully taken up and delivered in fine or-

> Spanish brown paint, a little thicker Every exertion was made to rescue than painters use it, is said to be the best and the most convenient thing to heal

> > FAT BUSINESSI-The New-York Enquirer says manufacturers are getting rich faster than any other class of people in the nation. Several of the Lowell factories made their 12, 15, and 17 per cent on the husiness of last year. In manufacturing cpmpany's stock is quoted at 24 per cent advance. When will the stock of the hard working farmer be quoted as high?

Never, perhaps; but the better the business of these manufacturers is, the faster they will increase, the more pcople they will employ, and the greater market will thus be made for the products of the farmer. Stop these factories, set all the people to farming, and who would be the purchasers? The stock of the hard working farmer would An acquaintance with you, of twenty conduct of public affairs. Justice to the person shall be elected to again to the window, saw a woman in be a poor concern. Ask the farmer in years standing, assured me, that, in your individuals whose public spirit had im- the office or place of President, unless the act of leaping from it, he stretched the neighborhood of Lowell whether the factories injure him? Ask the farmer of Winthrop, where we see great attention paid to agriculture. The cotton factory in that town is the best stimulant since you have been with me, I have necessary that I should frankly make of this act, shall be liable to be removed, A stranger, name unknown, saved to Agriculture it ever had, by making a known to you the whole subject. . at the pleasure of the board of Trustees, four children by rushing twice through demand for beef, pork, grain, butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, vegetables, fruit, cider, hay, pasturage, milk, ox and horse Mr. Murphy's brother was in the labor, and a great many other things, which make a large sum in the aggregate, and the most of which never could. be carried to a foreign market—if there was a foreign market for them. To ask the farmers to oppose the manufacturers. is to ask them to quarrel with their own. bread and butter.—Kennebec Journal.

HORRID MURDER!-On Thursday

night, the 21st inst., Josiah Randall, of Franklin, Vt. killed his wife and a son about 14 years of age. Randall commenced the work of death by attacking his wife's mother, (who was at his house taking care of his wife, then re covering from a fit of sickness,) with a large knife, observing to her that he would kill her—the old lady received a slight wound in the arm, but succeeded in escaping from the house, when he immediately with the ferocity of a demon attacked his wife, who was in bed in the room with an infant child, and gave her a mortal wound in the neck, but by the interference of his daughter, about 12 years of age, the mother fled to another room. He then attempted to cut the knife by holding her hands around notwithstanding her severe wounds she again entered the house, took the infant and then fled to the neighbors and gave repaired to the house where they beheld tacle—Randall was seated by the fire, Besides, a man, or boy who ever ex- his son's head severed from the body

Randall was immediately arrested and

The Over ver,

NORWAY, TUESDAY, MAY 17.

THE CABINET UNIT. We publish in this paper the Correspondence between the President and his late Cabinet.-It discloses one important fact that deserves more especial notice. A fact that there is in the mind of the President, as well as in his ministry, objects of higher importance than the public weal. It appears by this correspondence and from all commentaries by the knowing ones, of the favored party, that there was no want of harmony among the members of the Cabinet, on the great leading questions that now are said to agitate the community; such, as the Tariff, Internal Improvement, American System, &c.; and in fact the whole system of national policy is said to be the harmonious pursuit of these dignitaries of the government.-But there is an acknowledged dissention somewhere and on some subject;—a subject evidently more important in the mind of the President than all others; and this is evidently the whose principles of action do not accord succession to the presidency; a subject which

Among all our deviations from pure democratic and republican simplicity, there has been no instance exhibited of so glaring and extravagant a character as this. It is in complete analogy to the course pursued by the courts of crowned heads. There is probably as much attention paid to secure a particular succession to the crown in herditary kingly governments, whenever it is doubtful, as there is to all other the principal and all-involving topic. So it seems it is with our administration. Their constitutional duties are lost in the more important question of the succession. We are evidently straying from the purity of our conthe boast of this administration that they should reform all abuses of the constitution. This, like all other vain boasting, evaporates in fume. Surely never was reformation so necessary as now, when the whole power of the executive is bent to control the elective franchise. There can be no doubt of the truth of this charge, as relates to the President, when we read his reply to the Pennsylvania and Ohio Conventions, nominating him again for President. He then explicitly states that his chief reasons for acceptance, is that it may serve to consolidate and perpetuate a party. How very different was this from the principles of Washington.

The United States Gazette, Philadelphia, says—We are at a loss to answer the question so frequently put to us "why is the cabinet broken up?" And it does not yet appear, that the administration papers have been instructed upon that important point. It is now to be understood and so argued upon, that Mr. Van Buren and Major Eaton voluntarily resigned, and that Messrs. Branch and Ingham were turned out "for the sake of "Why its a-a-a-something that goes stationary, and other incidental expenses symmetry," as John Paul Jones' father on rails, kind o' somehow." . The man of the school room, for which, including said, when he locked his son up in one summer house, because he had a thief in the other!

The same paper contains the following Impromptu on reading Gen. Jackson's letter to Mr. Ingham:

General Jackson says, In very courtly phrase, That they "had come together," In spite of wind and weather, To harmonize in trade, 6A unit,27 firm and strong. But the General in despair, As he surveyed each chair, Found too many cyphers there, To remain a unit long. So in a feverish fret, His wits to work he set To support his number one. O! dreadful were his pains, Not knowing what to do, Till it flashed through his brains, His cyphers to eschew; And lo! the work was done. A unit now remains, And faith, a cupher too.

Tately established in Philadelphia, a number of criginal. which is now before us It is a very large and interesting paper, and we think the professions A greatful heart spends not its self in words: made in the prospectus are amply fulfilled.-For further particulars see Prospectus on our last page.

THE ARIEC, is a semi-monthly paper also published in Philadelphia. We acknowledge the receipt of the 1st No. of vol. 5, which contains a hadsome engraving of the town of Nazareth in Penn. It is published in a large octavo form, and will be embelished with 12 handsome copperplate engravings per annum. 1 merits an extensive patronage.

From the New Jersey Eagle. Strong testimony against Jacksonism.

man, occupying so prominent a place in Christ by seeking that of men. whose sense of duty to his country, to their behalt. himself, and to his friends, necomes so powerful, as to lead him, in defiance of Norway, April 26, 1831.

all consequences boldly to come out with public renunciation. Judge Miller has stood high in the ranks of the Jackson party in this country; he has been looked upon as a kind of leader, having frequently been called upon to preside over their public and private meetings as Chairman. He is one of the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas, and we have never heard his character or qualifications as a judge or a citizen, impeach- Muchmore. ed in the lightest degree. We have no knowledge of his having been disap pointed in any of his expectations from the Jackson party, and as far as we can ascertain, he has been actuated by a pure sense of obligation to his country. This we call estrong testimony against Jacksonism." His address is published by his own request? TO THE PUBLIC.

It is both the duty and the privilege of a freeman, whenever he shall find himself politically identified with a party, with his own, to withdraw from it; and neither the President, nor his cabinet, ought to it seems due to ull, that his reason for take any interest in whatever, other than that such withdrawal should be frankly deof any other private citizen. Yet it is with clared. Every individual, however them so overwhelming in importance as to in- humble, is supposed to bear some porterrupt the whole progress of government op- ton of the responsibility of the measures erations and put in jeopardy the intetest of the of the party with which he acts. The undersigned is therefere constrained, lest silence should be construed into an approval, to express his disapprobation of the spirit of the present dominant party and to say, that he cannot co-operate in measures which he thinks do violence to the Constitution, and are at war with the true interests of the nation. Without entering into detail, or noticing the anti-republican conduct of the party in governmental affairs. In fact it is uniformly this State, as exhibited in the late session of the Legislature it is deemed suf- ty third day of March," 1831, was apficient barely to advert to the course of the administration of the General Government, in a few particulars, as consti- the instruction and education of the intuting insuperable objections, to a con- digent Deaf and Dumb, in the State of ing Silks-Twist-Sewing Cottons-Cotton stitutional requirements and approaching to the tinuance in power of the present Admin- Maine; to be expended by the Govern- and Linen Flags. procedure of arbitrary governments. It was istration. For instance; the policy in or and Council, at their discretion in derelation to the Southern Indians; its e- fraying in whole, or in part, the expense quivocal conduct in reference to the great of placing at the American Asylum, such systems of Internal Improvement and the unfortunate persons, as may appear the Tariff; its repeated attacks on the inde- most suitable subjects for education at pendence of the Judiciary; the improper such Institution"—I have been directed appointments to office, and the abuse of by an Order of Council to give notice the appointing power by nominating re- thereof, in such of the public newspajected individuals, and even appointing pers in this State, as publish the Acts of to office, after the adjournment of the the Legislature; and in order to enable Senate, a man who had been rejected by the Governor and Council to carry said that body as unfit for that station. The Resolve into effect, to request those who the United States' Bank, and his project for establishing a National Moneyed Arportion of it for the benefit of their istocracy, and his determination to be a candidate for re-election, contrary to Asylum, to make application to the Gove Oriental Check and Strived Moscow, Contrary to Asylum, to make application to the Gove Oriental Check and Strived Moscow, Contrary to Asylum, to make application to the Gove Oriental Check and Strived Moscow, Contrary to Asylum, to make application to the Gove Oriental Check and Strived Moscow, Contrary to Asylum, to make application to the Gove Oriental Check and Strived Moscow, Contrary to Check and Check and Strived Moscow, Contrary to Check and C President's opposition to the Charter of are desirous of availing themselves of the his own declared principles! In short, ernor and Council, on or before the first the course of the Administration has, in day of July next. the opinion of the subscriber, been such as forfeit all claims to public confidence! SAMUEL B. MILLER.

Newark, April 2, 1831.

is that 'ere American System that they continual superintendence of health, conprint so much about in newspapers?"-

We suppose this is meant as wit.— But to compare the American System to a railway is not so bad. By the latter, tra charges will be made. the Patapsco and Ohio rivers are about to be brought close together—the shores of each becoming places of deposite for the production or commerce of the other. So by the American system, the wheat, the pupil for two years, except in case of meats, and potatoes of the farmers become nails, window glass, cotton goods. a satisfactory bond will be required. The facility of transportation is closely akin to the facility of transformationsand together, make up the American System.—Niles.

The Legislature of New York closed their labor on Tuesday, the 26th, after in cases of sickness. a session of nearly four months.

The young Poles who were in Paris at the breaking out of the revolution in Poland started immediately for Warsaw determined to share the fate of their capable of forming and joining letters countrymen.

We republish the following Card in con-SATURDAY COURTER.—This is a new paper week. We believe it is now according to the be required. It is earnestly recommen-

. A CARD.

But she ws its energies in useful works, It renders first to God, Proprietor, And then to man, his favor'd Almoner.

MR. GOODNOW.—The subscriber desires through the medium of your paper, be able to defray a part of the expense, to express his gratitude for many tokens themselves, the following extract of a of kindness received from his friends in letter, in answer to inquiries made by me Norway. They are too numerous to be as to the expense of clothing, &c. from here specified; though I doubt not they Mr. Weld, the Principal of the Asylum, are registered in heaven, together with the is submitted. names of all who have given to one of "As to the expense of clothing per terms. Apply to the subscriber at Christ's little ones in the name of a disciple. year at the Asylum I can only say, that Brunswick, Me. It is the hope they will there be rewarded, if a pupil comes well furnished with and not the consideration of earthly bene- Winter and Summer clothes, which is fits derived from their kindness, which expected (and should always be the case) We have recently heard of several in- affords me most pleasure. I acknowl- the expense of keeping up his supply, dividuals of respectability and influence edge myself benefited, and heartily re- will not probably, in any one year, be in society in our neighborhood, silently joice that the greater blessing is theirs. more than from fifteen to twenty-five withdrawing from the Jackson party; My prayers shall be that they may never dollars." but it is seldom we can expect to find a fail of obtaining the commendation of

announcing his withdrawal from the through their prayers, which shall also, Jackson party, will be found below,) come up for a memorial before God, on or guardian," for a faithful discharge of

H. A. MERRILL.

MARRIED,

In Matilda, U. C. on the 13th inst. Mr. Isra el Satan, journeyman cabinet-maker, to Miss Grace Parlor, of M.

Mankind are free, peace shall abound, Since GRACE by SATAN has been found; And in full proof that peace is meant, ISRAEL by GRACE has pitch'd his tent; No more in deserts wild he'll roam, He's got a PARLOR for his home.

In Portsmouth, N. H. by the Rev. Mr. Ba lou, Mr. Thomas Batchelder to Miss Martha

'Tis thus that Hymen cracks his jokes; A hoax, a quiz, a bore!

DIED.

The bridegroom's still a Batchelder,

The bride is not 'Much more.'

In Paris, on the 3d inst. Mrs. Clarissa, wife of Capt. Emmor Rawson, aged 36. In Dixmont, on the 25th ult. Mr. George Averill, aged about 33.

THE annual meeting of the Oxford L MEDICAL ASSOCIATION will be holden at J. Smith's Inn, in Norway Village, on the 9th day of June next at 10 o'clock A. M., for electing the necessary officers, and transacting any other business that may be thought expedi-

ent. A general attendance is requested. N. B. It is expected that a public Address will be delivered at the Meeting-House at 11 o'clock.

JONA. S. MILLETT, Sec'y. Norway, May 10, 1831.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE, Portland, April 20th, 1831. WHEREAS a sum "not to exceed one thousand dollars in each year for the term of four years, from the twenture, passed March 18th 1831-"for

pupils are admitted into said Asylum, taken from the Report of the Directors.

The Asylum will provide for each pu-AMERICAN SYSTEM .- "Father, what pil, board, lodging and washing; the offered by the subscriber. duct, manners and morals; fuel, candles, undoubtedly supposed it to be a railway. fuition, there will be an annual charge of one hundred and fifteen dollars.

> In case of sickness the necessary ex-PAYMENT.

Payments are always to be made six months in advance for the punctual fulfilment of which, and the continuance of sickness or dismission by the Directors,

TERM, PUPILS RECEIVED FOR. No pupil will be received for a less term than two years, and no deduction from the above charge will be made on account of vacations or absence, except

QUALIFICATIONS. must not be under ten nor over thirty ment of Blanks for towns. years of age; of good natural intellect; with a pen legibly and correctly; free from any immoralities of conduct, and from any contagious disease. A satisfactory certificate of such qualifications will ded to the friends of the Deaf and Dumb, HAM AUSTIN, aged 17 years—this is to to have them taught how to write a fair and legible hand before they come to the him on my account, as I shall pay no Asylum. This can easily be done, and debts of his contracting after this date. it prepares them to make greater and more rapid improvement.

For the information of those who may

It was further stated by Mr. Weld, that in cases where the Legislature dethat party as Judge Miller, (whose letter | May I never fail to be benefited frays only for a part of the expenses of a pupil, a bond is required of "the parent

all other necessary expenses. ROSCOE G. GREENE, Secretary as an Apprentice to the Millinary and of State.

Spring Goods.

G. C. LYFORD

ESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has received his full Stock of Staple and Fancy Goods for the Spring trade, which, with his stock before on hand, comprises as great a variety of Dry Goods as can be found in Portland, and which he will engage to sell at the lowest prices. The Stock, at present consists, in part, of the following articles :-

275 Yds. BROADSLOTHS

different colors and qualities; 500 yds. Cassimeres and Sattinets of different colors and qualities;

4000 yds. Calicoes from 12 1-2 cts. to 2s. o different colors and qualities;

4000 yds. Brown Sheetings and Shirtings; Bleach.d do. Ginghams and Checks;

Tickings;

700 lb. Warp Yarns first quality; 40 doz. Cotton and Worsted Hosiery;

40 " Ladies' and Gentlemens' Silk, Kic and Leather Gloves.

-ALSO-

5 | 4 London Blk. Bombazines-Silk Flag and Bandanna Hdkfs.-Fancy Silk-Gauze and Crape Hdkfs., a rich assortment—a fine assortment of rich and fashionable Silks-a great variety of plain and fig'd Cambricks and Muslins for Dresses-Plain, Corded and Check'd Pink Ginghams-English and Scotch Ginghams, a good assortment-French Printed Ginghams and Printed Muslins, elegant-rich Thibet, Poplin, Barage and Oscarene Hdkfs.-Merino, Raw Silk, Thibet, Valentia, Cashmere, Crape and Cassimere Shawls-Blk. and White Bobbinet Laces for Veils-a fine assortment of Blk. Lace Veils-Green Barage and Crape for Veils-plain and fig'd Swiss and Book Muslins -Irish Linens-Linen Damask-Birdseye and Russia Diapers-Brown Battiste and Bonnet Cambrics-Bonnet, Cap and Belt Ribbons-Thread and Bobbinet Laces and Edgings-Footing Laces-Blk. Nankin & Canton Crapes -Silk, Cotton and Valentia Vestings-Furniture and Common Dimities-Col'd Cambricks Green Bombazetts-Blue Jeans-Rouen Cassimeres-Plaid and Woolen Table Clothspropriated by a Resolve of the Legisla- Blk. French Crapes-Super Silk and Cotton and blk. Linens-Paddings-Buckram-Sew-

-LIKEWISE-

LEGHORNS--NAVARINOS--Boxford Straw BONNETS and French Travelling BASKETS. Portland, April 30, 1831.

SPLENDID MBW GOODS. HENRY POOR,

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, MIDDLE-STREET,

a candidate for re-election, contrary to Asylum, to make application to the Gov- Oriental Check and Striped Muslins for Dresses-nice and cheap Calicoes-fig'd Josephines Pariscinnes and Palmyrennes for Dresseslots Fancy Hdkfs-Patchwork by the pound-"TERMS AND CONDITIONS" on which Travelling Baskets Laces-Quillings-Ribbons-Bonnets-BROADGEOTES -Drillings--Jeans-Gloves-Mits-Hosicry -Super & Common GARPETINGS -&c.. &c., making a greater variety of rich Fancy and Staple Goods than was ever before

Wanted

BY the subscriber, an active and in-dustrious BOY from 15 to 17 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Shoemaking Business. One that can come well recommended will meet with good encouragement.

RUFUS F. BEAL. Norway Village, May 2.

FOR SURVEYORS OF HIGHWAYS,

TUST printed conformably to the Laws now in force, and for sale by Each person, applying for admission, the subscriber. Also, a general assort-

> ASA BARTON, Agent. Norway, May 3.

NOTICE.

DUN away from the subscriber, on forbid all persons harboring or trusting THOMAS AUSTIN.

Green, April 26, 1831.

Carding Machine.

CARDING MA-CHINE, made in the best manner, on reasonable

NOAH HINKLEY. March 28th, 1831.

NEW PUBLICATIOZ. TUST published and for sale at this office,

A Friendly Letter to the Rev. ADAM WILson, on the mode of Baptism. By Rev. Joseph WALKER, of South Paris, Me. 36 pages. April 12.

WANTED.

Mantas-Making business.

TMMEDIATELY, by Mrs. H. W. L Goodnow, a respectable young Lady,

New Goods.

The subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and customers, that he has now received his Spring supply of

Foreign, Domestic, and FANCY GOODS.

Consisting of a much larger and better assortment than he has ever before had. and at prices which he thinks will be satisfactory. ASA BARTON, Agent. Norway Village, May 16, 1831. 48

Albion Corn Plaster!

FATHE Albion Corn Plaster softens the corn, however old and tough, and extracts it to the very roots.-The relief afforded is gentle, immediate and thorough.

The Proprietor begs leaves to submit the following case, from Mr. Stowell, who is well known to the inhabitants of this city, especially at the south end, and at South Boston, as & very respectable citizen.

A CASE.

Sir-I do not hesitate to give my most unqualified approbation in favor of your valuable Albion Corn Plaster. By the use of less than a box, Mr. Stowell has been cured of a corn on each foot, which had been exceeding, ly troublesome and painful for years, and I think it but justice to your invaluable preparation to add, (for the encouragement of those, who owing Blk. Bombazetts and Circassians-Scarlet and to repeated disappointments in the various remedies resorted to, have finally despaired of a cure,) that your Umbrellas-Common Silk and Cotton ditto- Plaster cured her corns after trying Blue, Scarlet and Orange Circassians-Brown other highly recommended remedies to no purpose; and what increases my confidence in the superiority of your Plaster, is the fact, that it has been used by several of my neighbors with equally good success.

SETH STOWELL, (Signed) Keeper of the Toll house, South Boston Bridge. Mr. T. KIDDER,

Proprietor of the Conway Medicines. Boston, June 17th, 1829. * Price 50 cents.

SORE

AND INFLAMED EYES!

most pleasant and invaluable application, in

DUMFRIES

EXE WATER.

This well established Wash for the Eye, is perfectly innocent, and gives immediate relief, even in very aggravated cases of soreness and inflam-Price 25 cents. mation.

THE TOOTH ACHE!

THIS agonizing disorder is cured in its most painful stages, by one of the most simple as well as powerful remedies known in moderm practice. The

CAMBRIAN TOOTH ACHE PILLS afford instant relief, without inflicting the slightest injury on the teeth. They are applied externally to the parts affected, with the greatest ease and expedition, and generally operate as a scothing lenitive to the suffering patient. Price 50 cents a box.

DYSPEPSIA,

F most obstinate character, after having baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, and withstood the most highly recommendedmedical preparation, has been checked, relieved, and cured, in a number of in stances in and about this city, by using for a short time Dr. Relfe's VEGETABLE SPECIFIC, AND AN-TIBILIOUS PILLS,

in connexion, according to the directions accompanying the Specific. It is also one of the best medicines known for Sick Hee dache, Sickness at the Stomach, Nausea, and Flatulences. Price of the Specific and Pills 50 cents each.

FOR Sale one NEW side printed wrapper by the sole Proprietor, T. W. T. CONWAY. For sale with all the other "Convay Medicine," at his Counting Room, No. 99, next door to J. Kide er's Drug Store, corner of Court and Hanover streets, near concert Hall, Boston; and by his special appointment, by ASA BARTON, who has for sale a. general assortment of Drugs and Medicines.

Large discount to those who buy to self-gain. Norway Village. Ang. 31 9

UST published and for sale at BARTON's,

Memoirs of the Life of JOHN CALVIN, to which is prefixed a brief sketch of the history

of the Reformation. A Guide to the reading and study of the HOLY SCRIPTURES, by Augustus Herman

Franck, A. M. Short Missionary Discounses, or Monthly

Concert Lectures BIBLICAL DIALOGUES between a Father and his family: comprising Sacred History, from May 16. the creation to the death of our Saviour Christ

POETRY.

THE FARMER'S VERNAL ODE. The farmer's joyous season Comes gaily tripping on-Its herald's are the gentle airs.

Warm'd by a genial sun. And now he wends him o'er each field, Each hedge and fence along; 7 And through the groves and o'er the hills,

His gladden'd kerds among. And joyously he views them all,

From dreary winter free-And feels as doth the mariner, Just from the boisterous sea. Tho' herbage sere and leafless boughs Arrest the careless view. He sees the living germs that peep Their winter shelters through.

And gladsomely he greets them all, Those little buds of hope, Which soon will 'neath the genial sun, Their fragrant flowers ope-From which he'll see the future fruit Emerge and ripen soon, And thence the farmer's store of joy-

Ofhope the promised bcon. O! deem not lame such pleasures, As come with spring's return, To fill the farmer's bosom-Nor yet their offerings spurn. For Oh! of earth the sweetest, The purest joys we sing, Are those the farmer feeleth, At the return of spring.

HOW TO STOP SCANDAL. A certain widow, though pretty much but she dreaded the censure and ridicule be brief. of her neighbors. In this perplexity, for I am in a dreadful consternation a- be our study to avoid. bout what my neighbors will say of me, sung, hooted, hallooed after, and chalked lities or otherwise. up, for eight days;—on the ninth they will think no more of you. That Ass, partments, will form an object of our which you see yonder, shall if you please especial eare. The numerous sources impose silence on the whole parish about for obtaining the best selections from you, the morning after your nuptials." foreign and domestic literature within "That Ass!" "Yes, that Ass, marry, I our reach, authorize us to assert that, in say, and leave the rest to me, and the this respect, our journal will not suffer Ass." The widow was easily persua- in comparison with any other in the ded, and the marriage was concluded.—| country. Breadful outcry in the parish—rough music before their doors—not a soft and Domestic Manufactures, shall rething could be heard. In the mean ceive from us that consideration to which THE extensive sale and establish time the sister had painted the Ass they are entitled by their great and growas green as a parrot; and outrushed ing importance. the phenomenon, with a triumphant Among the regular notices of the bray, into the midst of the crowd. In week, will be given a corrected PRICES an instant, every busybody was mute, Current of Stocks, and the Grain and every soul in the parish, crowded MARKET. The latest Foreign and Doround so strange a prodigy. "A green mestic Intelligence, received by the East- as powerful application for this an-Ass! Who could have believed it! - ern and Southern Mails on Saturday, noying disease. The most inveterate Well, wonders will never cease. How will always be found in this paper. In cases have been cured in one Hour! surprising is nature in all her operations. 22 short, nothing shall be overlooked that by this esteemed Ointment. It con "I dreamed," cries an old woman, "of may be deserving the attention and charthis very Ass, a week ago. It betoken- acter of enterprising, intelligent and ineth something bad to our town. A num- dustrious journalists. ber of white mice appeared just in the We are not ignorant that we must ensame manner just before the plague that counter many difficulties in advancing to happened in my youth." Such excla- public facor, but long experience in the mations took the place of the clamour mechanical branches of our profession, Green Ass lasted its eight days, and useful in the more extensive prosecution, peared.

Honey a cure for the Gravel-A number of years ago, says a correspondent, I was much afflicted with the gravel, and sened by any want of proper talent in twice in serious danger, from small stones aiding to give spirit and valueto our lodged in the passage. I met with a undertaking. gentleman who had been in my situation, and got rid of this disorder by sweetening his tea with half honey and half sugar. I adopted this remedy and lent quality-comprising TWENTY-EIGHT COLfound it effectual. After being fully clear umss of reading matter. of my disease about ten years, I declined taking honey, and in about three months I had a violent fit of my old complaint. I then renewed the practice of taking honey in my tea, and am now more than three score, and have not for the last for the payment of their subscriptions, will retwenty-seven years had the smallest symptoms of the gravel. I have recommended my prescription to many of my acquaintance, and have never known it to fail -Political Exam.

Rail Road Mania.—Over \$1,100,000 In a year and a half, it is expected, the rail road will be ready for use.

Liberia Colony.—The N. Y. Gazette says, "there arrived at the American Colony in Africa, from the 9th to the 28th of January, one ship, seven brigs, and three schooners, besides vessels beerpool, and three brigs and a schr. from the United States. Some of the colonists are said to be worth from 10 to 15,-000 dellars."

First thoughts are generally best.-After the confirmation of the news in this town the other day of the breaking up of the Cabinet at Washington, a warm parnews. "To pull for the fence," said he, years standing. "as fast as possible." - Portland Courier.

Extraordinary Sailing.—The sloop Spartan, Capt. Isaac Waite, arrived last evening. She left Fox Point, Provi- not only as a cure for that excruciatdence, (R. I.) on Wednesday at half ing disease, but as an excellent applipast 10 o'clock, A. M. and in 14 hours cation for Stiffness of the Joints, thereafter, passed Sands' Point a dis- Numbness, Sprains, Chilblains, &c. tance of 210 miles—being the rate of

family, have arrived at his seat in Quincy, from Washington, where he has passed the winter.

THE

SATURDAY COURTER.

ON the first Saturday in April was commenced a Periodical Journal, advanced in life, had a mind to marry to be published once a week, and deagain. As her fortune was very large, signated by the above title. Custom has she thought herself entitled to a young rendered it necessary for the projectors husband; & accordingly fixed her eyes of a new literary undertaking, to present upon a handsome youth, who had nothing an analysis of the plan which they inbut his personal recommendations to de- tend to adopt, in order that the public pend upon. She plainly perceived that may judge how far the scheme is likely there would be no difficulty on his part, to be deserving of patronage. Ours shall

Newspapers have been aptly called she communicated her wishes and alarms | The Chronicles of the Times, and when to a sister, who possessed an uncommon under the guidance of sound principles share of shrewdness and address for all and assured abilities, may justly be consuch occasions. "Sister," says the am- sidered the safeguards of a nation. Maorous widow, "what think you of Le- ny, however, diverted from the legitimander 2. He is surely the picture of my ate objects of their institution, are proslate husband... Alas! I should never tituted to purposes which invole injury have yielded my heart but to this irre- to the morals, and impediment to the adsistable resemblance. What shall I do? vancement of a people. This it shall

All matters of interest, connected with being well acquainted with their malice the general and state governments shall and cruelty; the purest love is not shel- receive from us the earliest attention.tered from their ill natured ridicule. - We disclaim all party feelings or preju-Were it not for that, this dear young dices, but in doing this we would be unman should—but—"How absurd is all derstood as holding ourselves at liberty for the Piles for sometime past, and have this, my dear sister !" replied the other. to open our columns and express our sen- found it eminently successful." "Follow your inclinations, and dont tell | timents in relation to all subjects of pubme of such foolish fears. You will be lie interest, whether connected with pol-

LIGHT Reading, in all its various de-

Internal Improvements, Agriculture

terprizes judiciously conducted, and confidently make the assurance that our claims to patronage will not be les-

WOODWARD & SPRAGG.

CONDITIONS .- The SATURDAY COURITR WILL be printed with good type, on an extra-size Imperial paper, of the largest class, and of excel-

ADVERTISEMENTS will be handsomely displayed, and inserted at a moderate price. Terms of Subscription-\$2 per annum, payhalf yearly in advance.

Agents, and other persons at a distance, procuring six subscribers, and become responsible ceive a seventh copy gratis.

All communications concerning this paper to by be addressed (post paid) to WOODWARD & SPRAGG,

No. 15 North Fourth-st. PHILADELPHIA.

JOURNAL OF LAW.

L tion, issued from the office of the have been subscribed for the Saratoga Journal of Health and conducted by an a Pauper, on my account, as I have tion, as the expense of the publication and the tinued accordingly at the option of the publication will not make the subscription will not make the subscription will not make the subscription will not make the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication are the option of the publication and the links are the option of the publication are the option of and Schenectady rail road—more than association of the members of the Bar. made suitable provision for his support, the publisher in doing otherwise. seven times the sum wanted. The 18th It is published semi-monthly, at \$1,50 and shall pay no debts of his contracting May is fixed for the choice of directors. per year, in numbers of 16 pages each. after this date.

S. COLMAN, Portland, Agent for the work.

NOTICE

To Rheumatic Invalids. HERSONS suffering under Rheu matic Affection are respectfully aslonging to the colonists. Among them sured, that they can obtain of the prowas a brig from France, a ship from Liv- prietor and his agents a safe and admirable remedy for RHEUMATISM, however obstinate the disorder may be, and in all its different stages.

IIDR. JEBB'S

Rhes natic Liniment!

will a ord immediate relief to the patient, and has sometimes been attendtizan of the Van Buren portion of the ed with such extraordinary success as Jackson party was asked what his first to cure the most distressing Rheumastrong impression was on hearing the tism in twenty-four hours, even when of Pistols—1 sash—1 Feather—2 Military

This highly valuable Liniment is recommended with a confidence founded on the experience of many years,

(This article is considered so superior fifteen miles per hour. N. Y. Merc. Ad'v. to every thing else, and to possess such un-Mr. Adams, (late President,) and his common virtues, that it is ordered from distant parts of the country.)

> An agent recently writes: "Please send me a further supply of Jebb's Liniment the first opportunity—I shall probably sell a considerable quantity, as it is recommended by some of our physicians very highly, although contrary to their rules and regulations to give encouragement to such (or, patent) medicines." But it is a most decided proof of their confidence in its invaluable properties.

Another agent writes: "I wish you to forward me some more of Jebb's Liniment, which has recommended itself very highly." Price 50 cts. a bottle.

The painful and debilitating complaint of THE PILES.

receives immediate relief, and in numerous instances has been thoroughly cured, by the administration of

Dumfrie's Remedy for the Piles.

HIS approved compound also ized. Under this impression he has toms which frequently accompany at great cost, the best productions of a that disorder, and increase the dan- humorous nature both at home and ation, and other marks of debility.

A relieved Patient writes from a distance, "It is but justice to inform you, that I have used your Dumfrie's remedy

The remedy is quite innocent, and plaint, accompany each packageor 50 cents where but one is wanted

DUMFRIE'S

Itch Ointment! __ ed reputation of

Dumfrie's Itch Ointment,

encourages the Proprietor to recom mend it with renewed confidence to the public, as a most innocent as well tains no Mercury, or other noxious ingredient, and may be confidently applied even to the youngest children, or to pregnant females. Price 37 1-2 cents.

*** None genuine unless signed on the out. about the new married couple. The and an ardent desire to render ourselves side printed wrapper by the sole Proprietor, T. W. T. Conway. For sale with all the other and vicious. then there was no more curiosity about lead us to believe that these obstacles "Conway Medicine," at his Counting Room, it, than there had been about the new will not prove insurmountable. We re- No. 99, next door to J. Kidder's Drug Store, Ways of the World, and Peeps behind married couple, the moment the Ass ap- ly particularly on the liberality always corner of Court and Hanover streets, near conshown by an enlightened public to en-terprizes judiciously conducted, and ment, by ASA BARTON, who has for sale a mor; Sketches of Wit, and anecdotes of general assortment of Drugs and Medicines. T Large discount to those who buy to se

> PROVIDENCE FACTORY YARN,

Norway Village, Ang. 31 9

SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, GING-HAMS, BEDTICKING, STRIPES. HAMS, BEDTICKING, STRIPES Threads, Knitting Cottons, &c. &c. together with a large assortment of Leather and Morocco

SHOES.

warranted good. ALSO-Men's and Boy's CAPS. Travelling TRUNKS, PAPER HANG-INGS, &c. &c. sold wholesale and retail, HENRY BAILEY, Exchange-Street, No. 3. Deering's Buildings.

NOTICE.

PORTLAND.

LUTHER PERKINS. Oxford, May 4, 1831.

Carding Machine



The above machinery is new and of good workmanship. Terms liberal-in quire of NAHAM HOUGHTON or GEORGE EARLE.

Brunswick, April 13, 1831. 3m44

Cart Wheels, &c. OR sale cheap, one pair of White Oak CART WHEELS-4 Woolen Wheels-an assortment of Joiners' Tools—1 Sword—2 Epaulets—2 Brass Hats-1 Belt-which will be sold low at a great bargain if appplied for soon.

ASA BARTON, Agent. Norway, April 19.

PROSPECTUS OF THE

COMIC MIRROR: Illustrated by upwards of TWO HUNDRED

Caricatures, Sketches, and Comic Engravings, combining all the interest and spirit of the Domestic and Foreign Comic Annuals, and Laughable Droll-

PRICE ONLY \$1,50 PER ANN.

The public have how before them the Prospectus of a work of which Wit and Humor, are to constitute the principal ingredients. The publisher has observed the avidity with which productions of similar pretensions, are sought after, notwithstanding their leaden attempts at wit have been desfigured by coarse vulgarity, and too often evinced an utter disregard of decency, unmindful that

Immodest words, admit of no defence, For want of decency, is want of sense.

The favorable disposition which the public have so constantly manifested towards | change from our brothers of the press, in similar attempts to amuse and entertain, flattering notices of its quality, and copihas convinced the publisher that a well ous extracts from its pages. But with conducted and pleasing melange of Wit all these demonstrations of regard which and Humor, will be extensively patron-I mitigates and removes the symp- made extensive arrangements, to procure

ger of the patient, viz: pains in Loins broad, including the comic works of -Headache-loss of appetite-Indiges- Hood, Cruikshank, and other genuine sons of Comus; the Looking Glass, an amusing and unique affair, with numersubjects.

It is impossible, nor shall we think of attempting to give in a mere prospectus, an adequate idea of the variety and spirit which it shall be the constant aim may be administered to all ages and to infuse into the pages of the COMIC both sexes. Plain and ample Direc- MIRROR. It will be satisfactory, howtions, with a description of the com- ever, to show, by the testimony of the most distinguished physician, that invawhich consists of two boxes, one con lids of almost every description will detaing an Ointment, and the other an rive benefit, from our labours; particular-Electuary.-Price \$1 for both articles, ly those who are afflicted with weak nerves, lowness of spirits, and complaints first year. With these improvements of a dyspeptic or billious nature. To these our work will prove invaluable, and the smile of good humor which will help thinking our paper at the low price brighten the countenance, and the sense of inward satisfaction and self-placency which will assuredly put our patients in lic. the best of humor with themselves and with the world, will induce them to throw forthwith, their bottles, pills, and "physic to the dogs."

We can only specify among the general and diversified topics of the future pages of the work:

Touches at the Pride, Whims and Follies of the Times, in which the lash of s ... ire will be used with unsparing sever...; but always in such general terms, nd with such perfect good nature, as to vi. 1.0 cause of personal offence.

Flumors and vagaries of the Police Offi : where human nature is exhibited in its true colours, and vice exposed in its naked deformity, only that the beacon KIDDER, immediate successor to the late Dr. may serve as a warning to the dissolute

Doings of Folks about Town; the Celebrated Characters, men of Fancy and Fashion, who have nothing else to do but to entertain their neighbors, and inspire others with their flashes of Wit and merriment, which is "wont to set the table in a roar."

The whole will be illustrated by numerous Comic Engravings, executed at great expense, and which of themselves will furnish an inexhaustable fund of amusement, and may, better than any thing else, be taken up on a dull rainy day, or serve to beguile an hour which would otherwise pass heavily away.

TERMS.—Notwithstanding the heavy expense attending the publication of this singular and entirely unique work, the publisher has determined to put the subscription at the very lowest price at which it can possibly be afforded, confidently relying on an extensive patronage for remuneration. It will be published every other week, at only \$1,50 per annum, invariably in advance. Agents will be allowed a commission of fifteen per cent. on all remittanlowness of the subscription, will not warrant

Address S. R. KRAMER. April 5, 1831, Philadelphia. JUST published and for sale at BARTON's,

The YOUNG READER, to go with the Spelling book, by John Pierpont, compiler of the Introduction to the National Reader. 'the National Reader,' and 'the American First

The LIFE of SAMUEL JOHNSON, LL. D. comprehending an account of his studies, and numercus works, in chronological order; a series of his Epistolary Correspondence and conversations with many eminent persons; and various original pieces of his composition, never before published: by James Boswell, Esq.

A TREATISE on KEEPING the HEART, selected from the works of the Rev. John Flavel Natural and Experimental Philosophit, by the Rev. David Blair, illustrated with one hun-

dred engravings on wood. A Union Carechism, founded upon Scripture history, designed for the use of individuals, families, and schools, by Joseph Emerson.

A new and complete DREAM DICEIUNARY, arranged in alphabetical order; to which is added the invaluable secret of knowing future events, by charms and ceremonies. WITCHCRAFT, or the Art of Fortune-Telling

unveiled, by Wm. Frederick Pinchbeck. The New-England FARRIER, or a Compondium of Farriery, in four parts, wherein most of the Diseases to which Horses, Neat Cattle, Sheep and Swine are incident, are treated of: with medical and surgical observations thereon.

by Paul Jewett. JUVENILE LYRE, or Hymns and Songs, Roligious, Moral, and Cheerful, set to appropriate music; for the use of primary and common schools.

May 3. THE CONSTELLATION, A PAPER DEVOTED TO LITERATURE, EN-

TERTAINING MISCELLANY, AND THE SPIRIT OF THE NEWS. Published weekly, in the city of New-York, at

\$3 per annum, in advance. THIS PUBLICATION has now been established more than a year, and the objects proposed and the course pursued are too well known to require a word from us on that subject. Our only design at present is to solicit that increase of patronage which we trust our work deserves, and which we shall continue

our endeavors to merit. Testimonials in favor of the Constel-LATION are daily returning upon us, in the shape of numberless requests for exdelight the ear and please the eye, some more tangible proof of admiration-a proof which especially commends itself to the sense of feeling, in the shape of silver dollars or bank bills, accompanying the command "SEND ME YOUR PA-PER !"-would be most acceptable.

In saying this, we would not be understood as complaining of a want of ous other laughable and mirth-inspiring patronage. On the contrary, we are bound to say it is very flattering, and is steadily on the increase. But, like a man who impatiently watches the growth of a young and thrifty elm, which is to afford him shelter and comfort, we wish to increase faster.

> The form of the Constellation was changed at the commencement of the present volume, from the folio to the quarto, which renders it convenient for preservation and binding. It is also printed on a larger sheet than during the and the engagement of an additional Editor of acknowledged talent, we cannot of three dollars, as well worthy of patronage as any other now before the pub-

LORD & BARTLETT.

New-York, Febuary 18, 1831. * * Subscriptions for the above received at this office, where a specimen of the work may

GENERAL DEPOSITE FOR PUE-LISHERS-Portland, Maine.

S. COLMAN,

GENT for Publishers of Books & Periodical Journals, throughout the Union, has made a General Deposit at Portland, Maine, from which place, quarterly and monthly journals will be sent to all parts of the State, by mail or

otherwise. Orders for Books, also for English Magazines and Newspapers, supplied with punctuality.

Portland, March, 1830:

48tf

TMMEDIATELY, in payment for the Ox-I ford Observer.

12,000 First rate SHINGLES: 200 Bushels WHEAT;

200 CORN: OATS; 200 100 RYE.

Also, -Butter, Cheese, Lard, Tallow, Beans, Peas, &c. &c. April 12.

THE OXFORD OBSERVER,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, At Two Dollars per annum, or, ONE Dol-LAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS to those who pay cash in advance, or within three months.

from the time of their subscription. Those subscribing for a year, who do not, either at the time of ordering the paper, or subsequently, give notice of their wish to have the paper discontinued at the expiration of their WHIS is the title of a new publica- THIS is to forbid all persons harbor- ces. No unpaid letters or orders without the year, will be presumed as desiring its contin-I ing or trusting NATHAN PRATT amount of subscription will receive any atten- uance until countermanded, and it will be con-

The publisher will not hold himself responsible for any error in any advertisement beyond

the sum charged for its insertion. ANTED, in payment for the Ox- ded for the Ozserver, must be addressed to ford Observer, 100 lbs. TALLOW. the publisher, POST PAID.